## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 4627-SPRAYLAQ 680-BLACK-MATTE

PRODUCT NAME: 4627-SPRAYLAQ 680-BLACK-MATTE PRODUCT CODE: 4627 BLACK MATTE

HMIS CODES: H F R P 3 3 0 H

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#### ====== SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/SARA III INFORMATION =======

REPORTABLE COMPONENTS CAS NUMBER	VAPOR PRE mm Hg @ `		
NITROCELLULOSE * ALKYD RESIN SOLUTION 1330-20-7 1/2 SEC NITROCELLOULOSE-ISOPROPANOL WET 67-63-0 OSHA TWA 400 PPM	6.68 33		20% TO 30% 15 TO 25
STEL 500 PPM ISOBUTYL ACETATE 110-19-0 150 PPM TWA, OSHA & ACGIH	12.45	68 F	0% TO 10%
* TOLUENE 108-88-3 100 PPM PEL	22	68 F	0% TO 10%
50 PPM TLV SKIN * METHYL ETHYL KETONE 78-93-3 OSHA PEL 200 PPM ACGIH TLV 200 PPM	77.5	68 F	0% TO 10%
ISOBUTYL ISOBUTYRATE 000097-85-8 ACETONE 67-64-1 OSHA PEL 750 PPM	3 180	68 F 68 F	<5% <5%
ACGIH TLV 750 PPM SOLVENT NAPHTHA, LIGHT ALIPHATIC 64742-89-8 OSHA PEL 300 PPM ACGIH TLV 300 PPM	7.7	68 F	<5%
METHYL ALCOHOL - DANGER POISIN 67-56-1 200 PPM(SKIN) ACGIH TWA 250 PPM(SKIN) ACGIH STEL 200 PPM OSHA TWA	96	68 F	<5%
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE 85-68-7 OSHA PEL/ 8-HOUR TIME-WEIGHTED AVERAGE: 5 MG/M3 ACGIH TLV/ 8-HOUR TIME-WEIGHTED AVERAGE: 5 MG/M3		302 F	
* ETHYLENE GLYCOL N-BUTYL ETHER 000111-76-2 25 PPM OSHA PEL AND ACGIH TLV (SKIN)	.6	68 F	<5%
AMORPHOUS PRECIPITATED SILICA 112926-00-8 N/A N/A TLV 10 mg/m3 FOR PARTICULATES NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED			

\* INDICATES TOXIC CHEMICAL(S) SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF TITLE III AND OF 40 CFR 372.

======= SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS =========

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BOILING RANGE: 133 F - 464 F VAPOR DENSITY: HEAVIER THAN AIR SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): 0.94 EVAPORATION RATE: SLOWER THAN BUTYL ACETATE MATERIAL V.O.C.: 615 g/l

COATING V.O.C.: 647 g/l MATERIAL V.O.C.: 615 g/l SOLUBILITY IN WATER: NON SOLUBLE APPEARANCE AND ODOR: BLACK LIQUID, TYPICAL LACQUER SOLVENT ODOR

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FLASH POINT: 1 FMETHOD USED: TCCFLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME- LOWER: 0.01UPPER: 12.7

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM, CO2, DRY CHEMICAL, WATER FOG

#### SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

DO NOT ENTER ANY ENCLOSED OR CONFINED FIRE SPACE WITHOUT PROPER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT INCLUDING SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. DANGER: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. CLEAR FIRE AREA OF UNPROTECTED PERSONNEL. DO NOT ENTER CONFINED FIRE SPACE WITHOUT FULL GEAR, INCLUDING A POSITIVE PRESSURE NIOSH APPROVED SCBA. COOL FIRE EXPOSED CONTAINERS WITH WATER. WHEN HEATED ABOVE THE FLASH POINT THIS MATERIAL EMITS FLAMMABLE VAPORS WHICH, WHEN MIXED WITH AIR, CAN BURN OR BE EXPLOSIVE. FINE MIST OR SPRAY MAY BE FLAMMABLE AT TEMPERATURES BELOW THE FLASH POINT.

#### UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

HANDLE AS FLAMMABLE LIQUID. VAPORS FORM AN EXPLOSIVE MIXTURE IN AIR BETWEEN THE UPPER AND LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMITS WHICH CAN BE IGNITED BY MANY SOURCES SUCH AS PILOT LIGHTS, OPEN FLAMES, ELECTRICAL MOTORS AND SWITCHES. UNOPENED CONTAINERS EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT MAY BUILD UP PRESSURE AND EXPLODE. USE WATER FOG TO COOL UNOPENED CONTAINERS. VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR AND MAY TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND OR BE MOVED BY VENTILATION AND IGNITED BY HEAT, PILOT LIGHTS, OTHER FLAMES OR IGNITION SOURCES AT LOCATIONS DISTANT FROM MATERIAL HANDLING POINT.

**STABILITY:** STABLE - AVOID EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE HEAT.

#### **CONDITIONS TO AVOID**

EXCESSIVE HEAT, POOR VENTILATION AND IGNITION SOURCES.

#### **INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)**

AVOID EXPOSURE TO HEAT, ALKALINE MATERIALS AND STRONG ACIDS.

#### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS

NORMAL COMBUSTION FORMS CARBON DIOXIDE AND CARBON MONOXIDE. CARBON MONOXIDE & UNIDENTIFIED ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MAY FORM DURING COMBUSTION.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

#### INHALATION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. DO NOT BREATHE DUST OR SPRAY MIST. ENSURE

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FRESH AIR ENTRY DURING APPLICATION AND DRYING. FOR APPLICATION, SANDING, AND DUST CLEANUP, WEAR AN APPROPRIATE, PROPERLY FITTED RESPIRATOR. IN ACCORD WITH 29 CFR 1910.134 USE EITHER AN ATMOSPHERE-SUPPLING RESPIR. OR AN AIR-PURIFING RESPIR. FOR ORGANIC VAPORS.

## SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

PROLONGED OR REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY DRY AND DEFAT SKIN, CAUSING CRACKS, IRRITATION, AND DERMATITIS. EYE CONTACT CAN CAUSE IRRITATION, REDNESS, AND TEARING. MILDLY IRRITATING TO THE SKIN. PROLONGED OR REPEATED LIQUID CONTACT CAN RESULT IN DEFATTING AND DRYING OF THE SKIN. SEVERELY IRRITATING TO THE EYES. HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS MAY BE IRRITATING.

## SKIN ABSORPTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

SKIN ABSORPTION OF SOLVENTS OVER AND EXTENDED PERIOD OF TIME MAY PRODUCE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION WITH PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECTS SIMILAR TO THAT OF INHALATION, INCLUDING DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, HEADACHE, AND LOSS OF COORDINATION.

SEE SECTION II HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS.

## INGESTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

LIQUID IS MODERATELY TOXIC AND MAYBE HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. INGESTION MAY CAUSE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION, NAUSEA, VOMITING, AND GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION. ASPIRATION INTO LUNGS MAY CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS, EDEMA.

## HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC)

REPEATED OR PROLONGED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE IRRITATION TO THE EYES, NOSE, THROAT, AND RESPIRATORY TRACT; DEFATTING AND DERMITITIS OF THE SKIN, DAMAGE TO THE BRAIN, NERVOUS SYSTEM, LIVER, KIDNEYS, LUNGS, SPLEENS, AND BLOOD. INGESTION OF THIS MATERIAL MAY BE HARMFUL OR FATAL. INHALATION IN EXCESS OF THE THRESHHOLD LIMIT VALUES OVER AND EXTENDED PERIOD OF TIME CAN LEAD TO CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION, HEADACHE DIZZINESS, UNCONSCIOUSNESS, AND EVEN DEATH.

CARCINOGENICITY: NTP CARCINOGEN: NO IARC MONOGRAPHS: NO OSHA REGULATED: YES

## MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

PRE-EXISTING EYE, SKIN AND RESPIRATORY DISORDERS MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE.

## **EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES**

INHALATION-MOVE PERSON TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING STOPS, APPLY ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION AND SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. EYE CONTACT-FLUSH WITH LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. SKIN CONTACT-WASH AFFECTED AREA THOROUGHLY WITH SOAP AND WATER. INGESTION-DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CONTACT PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER IMMEDIATELY. TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY. NOTE: INGESTION OR SUBSEQUENT VOMITING CAN RESULT IN ASPIRATION OF LIGHT HYDROCARBON LIQUID WHICH CAN CAUSE PNEUMONITIS.

## ====== SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE ==========

## STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

ELIMINATE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION (FLARES, FLAMES INCLUDING PILOT LIGHTS AND ELECTRICAL SPARKS) VENTILATE AREA OF LEAK OR SPILL. CLEAN-UP PERSONNEL REQUIRE

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PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND RESPIRATORY PROTECTION FROM VAPORS. STOP SPILL AT SOURCE, DIKE AREA TO PREVENT SPREADING AND ABSORB LIQUID WITH SAND, CLAY OR OTHER ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND PUT INTO CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL. PREVENT RUN-OFF TO SEWERS, STREAMS, OR OTHER BODIES OF WATER.

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

THE PREFERRED OPTIONS FOR DISPOSAL ARE TO SEND TO LICENSED RECLAIMERS OR TO PERMITTED INCINERATORS. ANY DISPOSAL PRACTICE MUST BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT SPARKS AND OPEN FLAME. STORE IN A COOL DRY AREA. KEEP CONTAINERS CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE. USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. EMPTY CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUE AND CAN BE DANGEROUS.

#### **OTHER PRECAUTIONS**

DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT OR WELD, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE CONTAINERS TO HEAT, SPARKS, OPEN FLAME OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION.

#### **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED BREATHING OF VAPORS. IF EXPOSURE MAY OR DOES EXCEED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (SEC II) USE A NIOSH-APPROVED RESPIRATOR TO PREVENT OVEREXPOSURE. IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CFR 1910.134 USE EITHER AN AIR PURIFYING RESPIRATOR FOR ORGANIC VAPORS OR AN AIR SUPPLIED SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPRATUS.

#### VENTILATION

LOCAL EXHAUST SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT TO KEEP VAPORS BELOW THE THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUES. OPEN DOORS AND WINDOWS TO PROVIDE FRESH AIR ENTRY AND TO PREVENT VAPOR BUILD-UP.

## **PROTECTIVE GLOVES**

IMPERMEABLE CHEMICAL HANDLING GLOVES SHOULD BE USED FOR SKIN PROTECTION.

## EYE PROTECTION

USE CHEMICAL SAFETY GLASSES, GOGGLES, OR FACESHIELDS FOR EYE PROTECTION.

## OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT

USE IMPERMEABLE APRONS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING WHENEVER POSSIBLE TO PREVENT SKIN CONTACT. EYE WASH AND SAFETY SHOWERS IN THE WORKPLACE ARE RECOMMENDED. **WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES** 

WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER BEFORE EATING, DRINKING, SMOKING, OR USING RESTROOMS.

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